

# **United States Steel Corporation**

# Pipe Mill Skelp Scale Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

USS IHS Number: 13556

Locations: Texas Operations, McKeesport Tubular

Original: 12/16/2010 Revision: 12/31/2020

# Section 1 – Identification

1(a) Product Identifier used on Label: Pipe Mill Skelp Scale 1(b) Other Means of Identification: Pipe Mill Scale, Mill Scale

1(c) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: None 1(d) Name, Address, and Telephone Number:

United States Steel Corporation Phone number: (412) 433-6840 (8:00 am to 5:00 pm)

600 Grant Street, Room 1662 FAX: (412) 433-5019

Pittsburgh, PA 15219-2800

1(e) Emergency Phone Number: 1-800-262-8200 (CHEMTREC)

# Section 2 – Hazard(s) Identification

**2(a) Classification of the Chemical:** Pipe Mill Skelp Scale is considered a hazardous material according to the criteria specified in REACH [REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006] and CLP [REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008] and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard. The categories of Health Hazards as defined in "GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS), Third revised edition ST/SG/AC.10/30/Rev. 3" United Nations, New York and Geneva, 2009 have been evaluated. Refer to Section 3, 8 and 11 for additional information.

2(b) Signal Word, Hazard Statement(s), Symbols and Precautionary Statement(s):

Hazard Symbol	Hazard Classification	Signal Word	Hazard Statement(s)
$\diamondsuit$	Single Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Single Exposure - 3	WARNING	May cause respiratory irritation.

# **Precautionary Statement(s):**

Prevention	Response	Storage/Disposal
Avoid breathing dusts, fumes or sprays.	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for	
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel	Dispose of contents in accordance with
ese only outdoors of in a went ventilated area.	unwell.	federal, state and local regulations.

2(c) Hazards not Otherwise Classified: None Known

2(d) Unknown Acute Toxicity Statement (Mixture): None Known

# Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	% weight
Mill Scale (ferrous metal)	65996-74-9	266-007-8	100%
The following components comprise this product and	were used for hazard determination:		
Iron and Iron Oxides	7439-89-6	231-096-4	70-100
	1345-25-1	215-721-8	
	1309-38-2	215-169-8	
	1309-37-1	215-168-2	
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	215-138-9	10-24
Silica, Fused	60676-86-0	262-373-8	0-1
Magnesium Oxide	1309-48-4	215-171-9	0-1

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# Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients (continued) 3(a-c) Chemical Name, Common Name (Synonyms), CAS Number and Other Identifiers, and Concentration: % weight **CAS Number EC Number** 1344-28-1 215-691-6

231-105-1

0 - 1

7439-96-5

EC- European Community CAS- Chemical Abstract Service

**Chemical Name** 

Aluminum Oxide

Manganese

# Section 4 – First-aid Measures

# 4(a) Description of Necessary Measures:

- Inhalation: If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- Eye Contact: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
- Skin Contact: If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- Ingestion: Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

# 4(b) Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed (Chronic):

#### Acute effects:

- Inhalation: Excessive exposure to high concentrations of dust may cause irritation to the eyes, skin and mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract.
- Eye: Particles of iron or iron compounds may become imbedded in the eye. Excessive exposure to high concentrations of dust may cause irritation to the eyes.
- Skin: Skin contact with dusts may cause irritation or sensitization, possibly leading to dermatitis. Skin contact with metallic dusts may cause physical abrasion.
- **Ingestion:** Ingestion of dust may cause nausea and/or vomiting.

Individuals with chronic respiratory disorders (i.e., asthma, chronic bronchitis, emphysema, etc.) may be adversely affected by any airborne particulate matter exposure. Persons with pre-existing skin disorders may be more susceptible to dermatitis.

**4(c) Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment:** Treat symptomatically.

# **Section 5 – Fire-fighting Measures**

- **5(a) Suitable (and Unsuitable) Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishers appropriate for surrounding materials.
- **5(b) Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:** Not applicable for solid product. Do not use water on molten metal.
- 5(c) Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters: Self-contained NIOSH approved respiratory protection and full protective clothing should be worn when fumes and/or smoke from fire are present. Heat and flames cause emittance of acrid smoke and fumes. Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways. Firefighters should wear full face-piece self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing with thermal protection. Direct water stream will scatter and spread flames and, therefore, should not be used.

# Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

- 6(a) Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Not applicable in solid state. For spills involving finely divided particles, clean-up personnel should be protected against contact with eyes and skin. If material is in a dry state, avoid inhalation of dust. Fine, dry material should be removed by vacuuming or wet sweeping methods to prevent spreading of dust. Avoid using compressed air.
- 6(b) Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean Up: Collect material in appropriate, labeled containers for recovery or disposal in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120) and all other pertinent state and federal requirements.

# **Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

- 7(a) Precautions for Safe Handling: Operations with the potential for generating high concentrations of airborne particulates should be evaluated and controlled as necessary. Practice good housekeeping. Emergency safety showers and eye wash stations should be present.
- 7(b) Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities: Store away from acids and incompatible materials.

# **Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**

8(a) Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs): The following exposure limits are offered as reference, for an experience industrial hygienist to review.

Ingredients	OSHA PEL <sup>1</sup>	ACGIH TLV <sup>2</sup>	NIOSH REL 3	IDLH <sup>4</sup>
Iron and Iron Oxides	10 mg/m³ (iron oxide fume)	5.0 mg/m³ (iron oxide, respirable fraction⁵)	5.0 mg/m³ (iron oxide dust and fume)	2,500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Fe)

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#### Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection (continued) **8(a) Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) (continued):** OSHA PEL 1 ACGIH TLV<sup>2</sup> NIOSH REL<sup>3</sup> IDLH<sup>4</sup> Ingredients Calcium Oxide 5.0 mg/m³ (as calcium oxide) 2.0 mg/m3 (as calcium oxide) 2.0 mg/m³ (as calcium oxide) 25 mg/m³ (as calcium oxide) Silica, Fused $80 \text{ mg/m}^3 / \% \text{ SiO}_2 \text{ (as SiO}_2)$ NE NE. NF. 10 mg/m³ (as magnesium oxide, inhalable NE 750 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Magnesium Oxide 15 mg/m³ (as magnesium oxide fume, fraction<sup>6</sup>) magnesium oxide fume) total particulate) 1.0 mg/m³ (as fume & inorganic $0.02 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (as fume & inorganic 500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (as Mn) "C" 5.0 mg/m³ (as fume & inorganic Manganese compounds, as Mn) compounds, as Mn, respirable fraction) compounds, as Mn) 0.1 mg/m³ (as fume & inorganic "STEL" 3.0 mg/m3 (as fume & compounds, as Mn, inhalable fraction) inorganic compounds, as Mn) 15 mg/m³ (as aluminum oxide, metal 1.0 mg/m³ (as metal & insoluble 10 mg/m³ (as metal & insoluble NE Aluminum Oxide & insoluble compounds, total dust) compounds, respirable fraction) compounds, total dust) 5.0 mg/m3 (as aluminum oxide, metal 5.0 mg/m³ (as metal & insoluble & insoluble compounds, respirable compounds, respirable fraction) fraction) 5.0 mg/m³ (as welding fumes & pyro powders)

#### NE - None Established

- 1. OSHA PELs (Permissible Exposure Limits) are 8-hour TWA (time-weighted average) concentrations unless otherwise noted. A ("C") designation denotes a ceiling limit, which should not be exceeded during any part of the working exposure unless otherwise noted. A Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) is defined as a 15-minute exposure, which should not be exceeded at any time during a workday. An Action level (AL) is used by OSHA and NIOSH to express a health or physical hazard. They indicate the level of a harmful or toxic substance/activity, which requires medical surveillance, increased industrial hygiene monitoring, or biological monitoring. Action Levels are generally set at one half of the PEL but the actual level may vary from standard to standard. The intent is to identify a level at which the vast majority of randomly sampled exposures will be below the PEL.
- 2. Threshold Limit Values (TLV) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) are 8-hour TWA concentrations unless otherwise noted. ACGIH TLVs are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes. DSEN - May cause dermal sensitization. This notation is used to indicate the potential for dermal sensitization resulting from the interaction of an absorbed agent and ultraviolet light (i.e. photosensitization). RSEN - May cause respiratory sensitization.
- The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Recommended Exposure Limits (NIOSH-REL)- Compendium of Policy and Statements. NIOSH, Cincinnati, OH (1992). NIOSH is the federal agency designated to conduct research relative to occupational safety and health. As is the case with ACGIH TLVs, NIOSH RELs are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes.
- 4. The "immediately dangerous to life or health air concentration values (IDLHs)" are used by NIOSH as part of the respirator selection criteria and were first developed in the mid-1970's by NIOSH. The Documentation for Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations (IDLHs) is a compilation of the rationale and sources of information used by NIOSH during the original determination of 387 IDLHs and their subsequent review and revision in 1994. Ca is designated as carcinogen.
- 5. Respirable fraction. The concentration of respirable dust for the application of this limit is to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the characteristics defined in ACGIH 2020 TLVs @ and BEIs @ Appendix D, paragraph C.
- 6. Inhalable fraction. The concentration of inhalable particulate for the application of this TLV is to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the characteristics defined in the ACGIH 2020 TLVs <sup>®</sup> and BEIs <sup>®</sup> (Biological Exposure Indices) Appendix D, paragraph A.

8(b) Appropriate Engineering Controls: Local exhaust ventilation should be used to control the emission of air contaminants. General dilution ventilation may assist with the reduction of air contaminant concentrations. Emergency eye wash stations and deluge safety showers should be available in the work area.

# 8(c) Individual Protection Measures:

• Respiratory Protection: Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and, if necessary, use only a NIOSH-approved respirator. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given working conditions, level of airborne contamination, and presence of sufficient oxygen. Concentration in air of the various contaminants determines the extent of respiratory protection needed. Half-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 10 times the exposure limit. Full-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 50 times the exposure limit. Protection by air-purifying negativepressure and powered air respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure-demand, full-face, supplied air respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for concentrations above 50 times the exposure limit. If exposure is above the IDLH (immediately dangerous to life or health) for any of the constituents, or there is a possibility of an uncontrolled release or exposure levels are unknown, then use a positivedemand, full-face, supplied air respirator with escape bottle or SCBA.

Warning! Air-purifying respirators both negative-pressure and powered-air do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

- Eyes: Wear eye protection/face protection. A face shield should be used when appropriate to prevent contact with splashed materials. Chemical goggles, face shields or glasses should be worn to prevent eye contact. Contact lenses should not be worn where industrial exposure to this material is likely.
- Skin: Persons handling this product should wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact.
- Other protective equipment: An eyewash fountain and deluge shower should be readily available in the work area.

# **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**

9(a) Appearance (physical state, color, etc.): Dark gray or black granular

material or metallic appearance

9(c) Odor Threshold: NA

9(b) Odor: odorless

9(d) pH: ND

9(j) Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits: NA

9(k) Vapor Pressure: NA 9(l) Vapor Density (Air = 1): NA 9(m) Relative Density: NA

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# **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties (continued)**

9(e) Melting Point/Freezing Point: 2650°F – 2750 °F 9(n) Solubility(ies): ND

9(f) Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range: NA 9(o) Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water: NA

9(g) Flash Point:NA9(p) Auto-ignition Temperature:ND9(h) Evaporation Rate:NA9(q) Decomposition Temperature:ND

9(i) Flammability (solid, gas): Not flammable 9(r) Viscosity: ND

NA - Not Applicable

 $\boldsymbol{ND}$  - Not Determined for product as a whole

# **Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity**

10(a) Reactivity: Not Determined (ND)

10(b) Chemical Stability: Pipe Mill Skelp Scale is stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

10(c) Possibility of Hazardous Reaction: None Known

10(d) Conditions to Avoid: Calcium oxide will react with water to form calcium hydroxide.

10(e) Incompatible Materials: Iron oxide dusts in contact with calcium hypochlorite evolve oxygen and may cause an explosion.

10(f) Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of carbon, metal oxides and toxic vapors may be releases at elevated temperatures.

# **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

11(a-e) Information on Toxicological Effects: The following toxicity data has been determined for Pipe Mill Skelp Scale by using the information available for its components applied to the guidance on the preparation of an SDS under the GHS requirements of OSHA and the EU CPL:

Hazard Classification	Hazard C	Category OSHA	Hazard Symbols	Signal Word	Hazard Statement
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Following Single Exposure (covers Categories 1-3)	NR	3 <sup>i</sup>	<b>(!</b> )	Warning	May cause respiratory irritation.

<sup>\*</sup> NR Not Rated - Available data does not meet criteria for classification.

The Toxicological data listed below are presented regardless to classification criteria. Individual hazard classification categories where the toxicological information has met or exceeded a classification criteria threshold are listed above.

- a. The following LC<sub>50</sub> or LD<sub>50</sub> has been established for **Pipe Mill Skelp Scale** (as CAS Number 65996-74-9):
  - Rat LD<sub>50</sub> >3660 mg/kg
- b. The following Skin (Dermal) Irritation data is available for Pipe Mill Skelp Scale (as CAS Number 65996-74-9):
  - Rabbit Not irritating (3 studies).
- c. The following Eye Irritation data is available for **Pipe Mill Skelp Scale** (as CAS Number 65996-74-9):
  - Rabbit Not irritating (3 studies).
- d. The following Skin (Dermal)/Respiratory Sensitization data is available for Pipe Mill Skelp Scale (as CAS Number 65996-74-9):
  - · Guinea pig Mauerer Optimization test not sensitizing.
- e. No Aspiration Hazard data available for Pipe Mill Skelp Scale as a mixture or its individual components.
- f. No Germ Cell Mutagenicity data available for **Pipe Mill Skelp Scale** as a mixture. The following Germ Cell Mutagenicity information was found for the components:
  - Iron Oxide: Both positive and negative data.
- g. Carcinogenicity: IARC, NTP, and OSHA do not list **Pipe Mill Skelp Scale** as carcinogens. The following Carcinogenicity information was found for the components:
  - Iron Oxide (Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>): IARC-3, unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans; ACGIH TLV-A4, not classifiable as a human carcinogen
  - Silica, fused: IARC-3, unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans.
  - Magnesium (oxide): ACGIH TLV-A4, not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
  - Manganese (inorganic compounds, as Mn): ACGIH TLV-A4, not classifiable as a human carcinogen; EPA-D, not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (CBD, cannot be determined).
  - Manganese (fume, as Mn): EPA-D, not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (CBD, cannot be determined).
  - Aluminum (metal and insoluble compounds): IARC-1 (production), carcinogen to humans; ACGIH TLV-A4, not classifiable as a human carcinogen
- h. No Toxic Reproduction data available for Pipe Mill Skelp Scale as a mixture or its individual components.
- i. No Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following a Single Exposure data available for **Pipe Mill Skelp Scale** as a mixture. The following STOT following a Single Exposure data was found for the components:
  - Iron Oxide: May cause lung irritation.
  - Iron: Irritating to Respiratory tract.
  - Calcium Oxide: Can cause respiratory tract irritation, skin and eye irritation.

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# **Section 11 - Toxicological Information (continued)**

# 11(a-e) Information on Toxicological Effects (continued):

- j. No Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following Repeated Exposure data was available for **Pipe Mill Skelp Scale** as a mixture. The following STOT following Repeated Exposure data was found for the components:
  - Iron Oxide: Some pulmonary and lung effects reported.

The above toxicity information was determined from available scientific sources to illustrate the prevailing posture of the scientific community. The scientific resources includes: The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienist (ACGIH) Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) and Biological Exposure indices (BEIs) with Other Worldwide Occupational Exposure Values 2020, The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), The National Toxicology Program (NTP) updated documentation, the World Health Organization (WHO) and other available resources, the International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID), European Union Risk Assessment Report (EU-RAR), Concise International Chemical Assessment Documents (CICAD), European Union Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (EU-SCOEL), Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), Hazardous Substance Data Bank (HSDB), and International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS).

The following health hazard information is provided regardless to classification criteria and is based on the individual component(s):

#### **Acute Effects by Component:**

- IRON (IRON OXIDE): Iron is harmful if swallowed, causes skin irritation, and causes eye irritation. Contact with iron oxide has been reported to cause skin irritation and serious eye damage.
- CALCIUM OXIDE: Calcium oxide is an eye and skin irritant.
- AMORPHOUS SILICA (SILICON DIOXIDE): Not Reported/ Not Classified
- MAGNESIUM OXIDE: Not Reported/ Not Classified
- · ALUMINUM OXIDE: Inhalation may cause cough
- MANGANESE OXIDE: Manganese oxide is harmful if swallowed.

#### **Delayed (chronic) Effects by Component:**

- IRON (IRON OXIDE): Chronic inhalation of excessive concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dusts may result in the development of a benign lung disease, called siderosis, which is observable as an x-ray change. No physical impairment of lung function has been associated with siderosis. Inhalation of excessive concentrations of ferric oxide may enhance the risk of lung cancer development in workers exposed to pulmonary carcinogens. Iron oxide is listed as a Group 3 (not classifiable) carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
- CALCIUM OXIDE: Depending on the concentration and duration of exposure, repeated or prolonged inhalation may cause inflammation of the
  respiratory passages, ulcers of the mucous membranes, and possible perforation of the nasal septum. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause
  dermatitis.
- AMORPHOUS SILICA (SILICON DIOXIDE): Silicon dusts are a low health risk by inhalation and should be treated as a nuisance dust. Eye contact with pure material can cause particulate irritation. Skin contact with silicon dusts may cause physical abrasion.
- MAGNESIUM OXIDE: Irritation of eyes, nose, and throat. Symptoms may include dryness of nose and mouth, cough, feeling of weakness, tightness of chest, muscular pain, chills, fever, headache, nausea, and vomiting.
- ALUMINUM OXIDE: Considered to be an inert or nuisance dust.
- MANGANESE OXIDE: Neurobehavioral alterations in worker populations exposed to Manganese oxide include speed and coordination of motor function are especially impaired.

# **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

12(a) Ecotoxicity (aquatic & terrestrial): No data available for the product, Pipe Mill Skelp Scale as a mixture. However, individual components of the product have been found to be toxic to the environment. Dusts may migrate into soil and groundwater and be ingested by wildlife as follows:

• **Iron Oxide**: LC<sub>50</sub>: >1000 mg/L; Fish

• Calcium Oxide: LC<sub>50</sub>: 159 mg/L; invertebrates **12(b) Persistence & Degradability**: No Data Available **12(c) Bioaccumulative Potential**: No Data Available

**12(d) Mobility (in soil)**: No Data Available **12(e) Other Adverse Effects:** None Known

**Additional Information:** 

Hazard Category: No Category Signal Word: No Signal Word

Hazard Symbol: No Hazard Symbol
Hazard Statement: No Hazard Statement

# **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

**Disposal: Pipe Mill Skelp** should be recycled whenever possible. Product dusts and fumes from processing operations should also be recycled or classified by a competent environmental professional and disposed of in accordance with applicable federal, state or local regulations.

**Container Cleaning and Disposal:** Follow applicable federal, state and local regulations. Observe safe handling precautions. European Waste Catalogue (EWC): 10-02-10 (mill scale) or 10-05-11 (wastes from cooling-water treatment).

Please note this information is for Pipe Mill Skelp Scale in its original form. Any alterations can void this information.

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# **Section 14 - Transport Information**

#### 14 (a-g) Transportation Information:

**US Department of Transportation (DOT)** under 49 CFR 172.101 does not regulate **Pipe Mill Skelp Scale** as a hazardous material. All federal, state, and local laws and regulations that apply to the transport of this type of material must be adhered to.

Shipping Name: NOT Regulated **Packaging Authorizations Quantity Limitations** Shipping Symbols: NA a) Exceptions: NA a) Passenger Aircraft or Rail: NA Hazard Class: NA b) Non-bulk: NA b) Cargo Aircraft Only: NA UN No.: NA c) Bulk: NA Vessel Stowage Location: NA Packing Group: NA DOT/IMO Label: NA DOT reportable quantities: NA Special Provisions (172.102): NA

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) and the Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID) classification, packaging and shipping requirements follow the US DOT Hazardous Materials Regulation.

Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) does not regulate Pipe Mill Skelp Scale as a hazardous material.

Shipping Name: NOT Regulated
Classification Code: NA
UN No.: NA
Packing Group: NA
ADR Label: NA
Special Provisions: NA
Limited Quantities: NA

Packaging

Packaging

Packaging

Packaging

Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers

a) Instructions: NA
b) Special Provisions: NA
b) Special Provisions: NA
c) Mixed Packing Provisions: NA
Limited Quantities: NA

International Air Transport Association (IATA) does not regulate Pipe Mill Skelp Scale as a hazardous material.

Shipping Name: NOT Regulated		Passenger & Ca	rgo Aircraft	Cargo Aircraft Only:	<b>Special Provisions:</b>
Class/Division: NA		Limited Quantity (EQ)		Pkg Inst: NA	NA
Hazard Label (s): NA		Pkg Inst: NA	Pkg Inst: NA		
UN No.: NA				Max Net Qty/Pkg:	ERG Code: NA
Packing Group: NA			Max Net Qty/Pkg:	NA	
Excepted Quantities (EQ): NA		NA	NA		
Pkg Inst – Packing Instructions	ximum Net Quantity per Paci	kage	ERG - Emergency Respo	onse Drill Code	

Pipe Mill Skelp Scale does not have a Transport Dangerous Goods (TDG) classification.

# **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

**Regulatory Information**: The following listing of regulations relating to a U. S. Steel product may not be complete and should not be solely relied upon for all regulatory compliance responsibilities.

This product and/or its constituents are subject to the following regulations:

SARA Potential Hazard Categories: Immediate Acute Health Hazard, Delayed Chronic Health Hazard

**Section 313 Supplier Notification:** The product, **Pipe Mill Skelp Scale** contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

CAS#	Chemical Name	Percent by Weight
1344-43-0	Manganese Oxide (Mn Compounds)	5 max

**State Regulations:** The product, **Pipe Mill Skelp Scale** as a mixture is not listed in any state regulations. However, individual components of the product are listed in various state regulations:

California Prop.
65:
NA
The product, **Pipe Mill Skelp Scale** does not contain chemicals which is known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# **Other Regulations:**

WHMIS Classification (Canadian): The product, Pipe Mill Skelp Scale is not listed as a mixture. However individual components are listed.

Ingredients	WHMIS Classification	
Iron	Combustible dusts - Category 1 (may form combustible dust concentrations in air)	
Calcium Oxide	Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1; Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1;	
	Health hazards not otherwise classified (corrosion) - Category 1	
Manganese	Reproductive toxicity - Category 2; Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 1; Combustible dusts*	

<sup>\*</sup> This product could belong to the hazard class "Combustible dust", based on various factors related to the combustibility and explosiveness of its dust, including composition, shape and size of the particles

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

# Pipe Mill Skelp Scale

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# **Section 16 - Other Information**

Prepared By: United States Steel Corporation

**Revision History:** 

12/31/2020 - Update to sections 2, 8, 11, 15

08/15/2017 - Update WHMIS 2015

09/30/2014 - Update to OSHA HAZCOM 2012

06/02/2011 - Original

# **Additional Information:**

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS) Classification

Health Hazard	1
Fire Hazard	0
Physical Hazard	0

HEALTH= 1, \* Denotes possible chronic hazard if airborne dusts or fumes are generated Irritation or minor reversible injury possible.

FIRE= 0, Materials that will not burn.

 $PHYSICAL\ HAZARDS=0, Materials\ that\ are\ normally\ stable,\ even\ under\ fire\ conditions,\ and\ will\ not\ react\ with\ water,\ polymerize,\ decompose,\ condense,\ or\ self-react.\ Non-explosives$ 

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



HEALTH = 1, Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.

FIRE = 0, Materials that will not burn.

Expiration Date: 12/31/2023

 $\mbox{INSTABILITY}=0,$  Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

# ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS:

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists N		No Information Found
Biological Exposure Indices		National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
Chemical Abstracts Service	NTP	National Toxicology Program
Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act	ORC	Organization Resources Counselors
Code of Federal Regulations	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Central Nervous System	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
Gastro-Intestinal, Gastro-Intestinal Tract	PNOR	Particulate Not Otherwise Regulated
Hazardous Materials Identification System	PNOC	Particulate Not Otherwise Classified
International Agency for Research on Cancer	PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
Median Lethal Concentration	ppm	parts per million
Median Lethal Dose	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
Lowest Dose to have killed animals or humans	RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
Lower Explosive Limit	SARA	Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act
microgram per cubic meter of air	SCBA	Self-contained Breathing Apparatus
milligram per cubic meter of air	STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit
million particles per cubic foot	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
Safety Data Sheet	TWA	Time-weighted Average
Mine Safety and Health Administration	UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
National Fire Protection Association		
	Biological Exposure Indices Chemical Abstracts Service Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act Code of Federal Regulations Central Nervous System Gastro-Intestinal, Gastro-Intestinal Tract Hazardous Materials Identification System International Agency for Research on Cancer Median Lethal Concentration Median Lethal Dose Lowest Dose to have killed animals or humans Lower Explosive Limit microgram per cubic meter of air milligram per cubic meter of air million particles per cubic foot Safety Data Sheet Mine Safety and Health Administration	Biological Exposure Indices Chemical Abstracts Service Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act Code of Federal Regulations Central Nervous System Gastro-Intestinal, Gastro-Intestinal Tract Hazardous Materials Identification System PNOC International Agency for Research on Cancer Median Lethal Concentration Median Lethal Dose Lowest Dose to have killed animals or humans Lower Explosive Limit microgram per cubic meter of air milligram per cubic meter of air milligram per cubic meter of air million particles per cubic foot Safety Data Sheet MIOSH NIOSH NTP NOR NTP ORC PPL PNOR PROC PPE SPR ACRA PROC PPE SARA SCBA  TECS SARA  SCBA  TLV TUV TUV TUV TUV TUV TUV TUV TUV TUV TU

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