

LMF Slag

Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

USS IHS Number: 75370

Locations: Mon Valley, Fairfield, Gary, Granite City, Great Lakes, Hamilton, and Lake Erie

Original: 12/16/2010

Revision: 12/31/2020

Section 1 – Identification

1(a) Product Identifier used on Label: LMF Slag

1(b) Other Means of Identification: Ladle Metallurgy Furnace Slag, Ladle Met Slag

1(c) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: None

1(d) Name, Address, and Telephone Number:

United States Steel Corporation 600 Grant Street, Room 1662 Pittsburgh, PA 15219-2800 Phone number: (412) 433-6840 (8:00 am to 5:00 pm) FAX: (412) 433-5019

1(e) Emergency Phone Number: 1-800-262-8200 (CHEMTREC)

Section 2 – Hazard(s) Identification

2(a) Classification of the Chemical: LMF Slag is considered a hazardous material according to the criteria specified in REACH [REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006] and CLP [REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008] and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard. The categories of Health Hazards as defined in <u>"GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS), Third revised edition ST/SG/AC.10/30/Rev. 3" United Nations, New York and Geneva, 2009 have been evaluated. Refer to Section 3, 8 and 11 for additional information.</u>

2(b) Signal Word, Hazard Statement(s), Symbols and Precautionary Statement(s):

Hazard Symbol	Hazard Classification	Signal Word	Hazard Statement(s)
	Single Target Organ Toxicity STOT Repeated Exposure - 2		
And And	Eye Irritation - 1 Skin Irritation - 1B	WARNING	May cause damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes severe skin burns and serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.
	Single Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Single Exposure - 3		

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention	Response	Storage/Disposal
Do not breathe dusts/fumes/gas. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Get medical advice/attention, if you feel	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.	
unwell.	If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.	
2(a) Hananda nat Othermine Classified.		

2(c) Hazards not Otherwise Classified: None Known

2(d) Unknown Acute Toxicity Statement (Mixture): None Known

Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	% weight
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	215-138-9	40-70
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	215-691-6	15-60
Magnesium Oxide	1309-48-4	215-171-9	5-15
Silica, Fused	60676-86-0	262-373-8	2-20
Iron Oxides	1345-25-1	215-721-8	0-6
	1309-37-1	215-168-2	0-0
Manganese Oxide	1344-43-0	215-695-8	0-5
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	236-675-5	0-1

EC- European Community

CAS- Chemical Abstract Service

Section 4 – First-aid Measures

4(a) Description of Necessary Measures: Get medical advice/attention, if you feel unwell.

- Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
- Eye Contact: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
- Skin Contact: If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- Ingestion: If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4(b) Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed (Chronic):

Acute effects:

- Inhalation: Excessive exposure to high concentrations of dust may cause irritation to the eyes, skin and mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract.
- Eye: Particles of iron compounds may become imbedded in the eye. Excessive exposure to high concentrations of dust may cause irritation to the eyes.
- Skin: Skin contact with dusts may cause irritation, possibly leading to dermatitis. Skin contact with metallic dusts may cause physical abrasion.
- Ingestion: Ingestion of dust may cause nausea and/or vomiting.

Chronic Effects:

Individuals with chronic respiratory disorders (i.e., asthma, chronic bronchitis, emphysema, etc.) may be adversely affected by any airborne particulate matter exposure. Persons with pre-existing skin disorders may be more susceptible to dermatitis.

4(c) Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment: Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 – Fire-fighting Measures

5(a) Suitable (and Unsuitable) Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishers appropriate for surrounding materials.

5(b) Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Not applicable for solid product. When burned, toxic smoke and vapor may be emitted including, oxides of carbon, metal oxides and other toxic vapors.

5(c) Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters: Self-contained NIOSH approved respiratory protection and full protective clothing should be worn when fumes and/or smoke from fire are present. Heat and flames cause emittance of acrid smoke and fumes. Do not release runoff from fire control methods into sewers or waterways. Firefighters should wear full face-piece self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing with thermal protection. Direct water stream will scatter and spread flames and, therefore, should not be used.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6(a) Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Not applicable to slag in solid state. For spills involving finely divided particles, clean-up personnel should be protected against contact with eyes and skin. If material is in a dry state, avoid inhalation of dust. Personnel should be protected against contact with eyes and skin. Fine, dry material should be removed by vacuuming or wet sweeping methods to prevent spreading of dust. Avoid using compressed air. Do not release into sewers or waterways.

6(b) Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean Up: Collect material in appropriate, labeled containers for recovery or disposal in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120) and all other pertinent state and federal requirements.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

7(a) Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe dusts. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. Emergency safety showers and eye wash stations should be present.

7(b) Conditions for Safe Storage, including any Incompatibilities: Whenever feasible, store locked up. Store in a well ventilated place. Store away from acids and incompatible materials.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8(a) Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs): The following exposure limits are offered as reference, for an experience industrial hygienist to review.

Ingredients	OSHA PEL ¹	ACGIH TLV ²	NIOSH REL ³	IDLH ⁴
Calcium Oxide	5.0 mg/m ³ (as calcium oxide)	2.0 mg/m ³ (as calcium oxide)	2.0 mg/m ³ (as calcium oxide)	25 mg/m ³ (as calcium oxide)
Aluminum Oxide	15 mg/m ³ (as aluminum oxide, metal & insoluble compounds, total dust)	1.0 mg/m ³ (as metal & insoluble compounds, respirable fraction ⁵)	10 mg/m ³ (as metal & insoluble compounds, total dust)	NE
	5.0 mg/m ³ (as aluminum oxide, metal & insoluble compounds, respirable		5.0 mg/m ³ (as metal & insoluble compounds, respirable fraction)	
	fraction)		5.0 mg/m ³ (as welding fumes & pyro powders)	
Magnesium Oxide	15 mg/m ³ (as magnesium oxide fume, total particulate)	10 mg/m ³ (as magnesium oxide, inhalable fraction)	NE	750 mg/m ³ (as magnesium oxide fume)
Silica, Fused	80 mg/m ³ / % SiO ₂ (as SiO ₂)	NE	NE	NE
Iron Oxides	10 mg/m ³ (iron oxide fume)	5.0 mg/m ³ (iron oxide, respirable fraction)	5.0 mg/m ³ (iron oxide dust and fume)	2,500 mg/m ³ (as Fe)
Manganese Oxide	"C" 5.0 mg/m ³ (as fume & inorganic compounds, as Mn)	0.02 mg/m ³ (as fume & inorganic compounds, as Mn, respirable fraction)	1.0 mg/m ³ (as fume & inorganic compounds, as Mn)	500 mg/m ³ (as Mn)
		0.1 mg/m ³ (as fume & inorganic compounds, as Mn, inhalable fraction ⁶)	"STEL" 3.0 mg/m ³ (as fume & inorganic compounds, as Mn)	
Titanium Dioxide	15 mg/m ³ (as TiO ₂ , total dust)	10 mg/m ³ (as TiO ₂)	LFC (as TiO ₂) ⁷	5,000 mg/m3 (as TiO2)

NE - None Established

1. OSHA PELs (Permissible Exposure Limits) are 8-hour TWA (time-weighted average) concentrations unless otherwise noted. A ("C") designation denotes a ceiling limit, which should not be exceeded during any part of the working exposure unless otherwise noted. A Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) is defined as a 15-minute exposure, which should not be exceeded at any time during a workday. An Action level (AL) is used by OSHA and NIOSH to express a health or physical hazard. They indicate the level of a harmful or toxic substance/activity, which requires medical surveillance, increased industrial hygiene monitoring, or biological monitoring. Action Levels are generally set at one half of the PEL but the actual level may vary from standard to standard. The intent is to identify a level at which the vast majority of randomly sampled exposures will be below the PEL.

- Threshold Limit Values (TLV) established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) are 8-hour TWA concentrations unless otherwise noted. ACGIH TLVs are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes. DSEN – May cause dermal sensitization. This notation is used to indicate the potential for dermal sensitization resulting from the interaction of an absorbed agent and ultraviolet light (i.e. photosensitization). RSEN – May cause respiratory sensitization.
- 3. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Recommended Exposure Limits (NIOSH-REL)- Compendium of Policy and Statements. NIOSH, Cincinnati, OH (1992). NIOSH is the federal agency designated to conduct research relative to occupational safety and health. As is the case with ACGIH TLVs, NIOSH RELs are for guideline purposes only and as such are not legal, regulatory limits for compliance purposes.
- 4. The "immediately dangerous to life or health air concentration values (IDLHs)" are used by NIOSH as part of the respirator selection criteria and were first developed in the mid-1970's by NIOSH. The Documentation for Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations (IDLHs) is a compilation of the rationale and sources of information used by NIOSH during the original determination of 387 IDLHs and their subsequent review and revision in 1994. Ca is designated as carcinogen.
- 5. Respirable fraction. The concentration of respirable dust for the application of this limit is to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the characteristics defined in ACGIH 2020 TLVs [®] and BEIs [®] Appendix D, paragraph C.
- 6. Inhalable fraction. The concentration of inhalable particulate for the application of this TLV is to be determined from the fraction passing a size-selector with the characteristics defined in the ACGIH 2020 TLVs [®] and BEIs [®] (Biological Exposure Indices) Appendix D, paragraph A.
- 7. LFC Lowest Feasible Concentration, Refer to Section 11, Toxicological Information.

8(b) Appropriate Engineering Controls: Local exhaust ventilation should be used to control the emission of air contaminants. General dilution ventilation may assist with the reduction of air contaminant concentrations. Emergency eye wash stations and deluge safety showers should be available in the work area.

8(c) Individual Protection Measures:

• **Respiratory Protection:** Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and, if necessary, use only a NIOSH-approved respirator. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given working conditions, level of airborne contamination, and presence of sufficient oxygen. Concentration in air of the various contaminants determines the extent of respiratory protection needed. Half-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying respirator equipped with P100 filter is acceptable for concentrations up to 10 times the exposure limit. Full-face, negative-pressure, air-purifying negative-pressure and powered air respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure-demand, full-face, supplied air respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for concentrations above 50 times the exposure limit. If exposure is above the IDLH (immediately dangerous to life or health) for any of the constituents, or there is a possibility of an uncontrolled release or exposure levels are unknown, then use a positive-demand, full-face, supplied air respirator with escape bottle or SCBA.

Warning! Air-purifying respirators both negative-pressure and powered-air do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

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Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8(c) Individual Protection Measures (continued):

- Eyes: Wear eye protection/face protection. A face shield should be used when appropriate to prevent contact with splashed materials. Chemical goggles, face shields or glasses should be worn to prevent eye contact. Contact lenses should not be worn where industrial exposure to this material is likely.
- Skin: Persons handling this product should wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves.
- Other protective equipment: An eyewash fountain and deluge shower should be readily available in the work area.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties (continued)

9(a) Appearance (physical state, color, etc.): Granular

9(b) Odor: Odorless

9(c) Odor Threshold: NA

9(d) pH: ND

9(e) Melting Point/Freezing Point: NA

9(f) Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range: NA

9(g) Flash Point: NA

9(h) Evaporation Rate: NA

9(i) Flammability (solid, gas): Not flammable

NA - Not Applicable

ND - Not Determined for product as a whole

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

10(a) Reactivity: Not Determined (ND)

10(b) Chemical Stability: LMF Slag is stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

10(c) Possibility of Hazardous Reaction: None Known

10(d) Conditions to Avoid: Calcium oxide will react with water to form calcium hydroxide.

10(e) Incompatible Materials: Iron oxide dusts in contact with calcium hypochlorite evolve oxygen and may cause an explosion.

10(f) Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of carbon, metal oxides and toxic vapors may be releases at elevated temperatures.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

11(a-e) Information on Toxicological Effects: The following toxicity data has been determined for LMF Slag by using the information available for its components applied to the guidance on the preparation of an SDS under the GHS requirements of OSHA and the EU CPL:

Hazard Classification	Hazard EU	Category OSHA	Hazard Signal Hazard Statement Symbols Word		Hazard Statement
Skin Irritation (covers Categories 1A, 1B, 1C, and 2)	1B	1B ^b		Danger Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Eye Damage/Irritation (covers Categories 1, 2A and 2B)	1	1°	(jel)	Danger	Causes serious eye damage.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Following Single Exposure (covers Categories 1-3)	3	3 ⁱ	\Diamond	Warning May cause respiratory irritation.	
STOT Following Repeated Exposure (covers Categories 1 and 2)	2	2 ^j		Warning	May cause damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

* NR Not Rated - Available data does not meet criteria for classification.

The Toxicological data listed below are presented regardless to classification criteria. Individual hazard classification categories where the toxicological information has met or exceeded a classification criteria threshold are listed above.

a. No LC_{50} or LD_{50} has been established for LMF Slag. The following data has been determined for the components:

- Calcium Oxide: LD₅₀= >500 mg/kg but < 2000 mg/kg (Oral/ Rat)
 - Silica, fused: LD₅₀ > 15,000 mg/kg (Oral/Rat)
- Iron Oxide: LD₅₀= >10,000 mg/kg (Oral/ Rat)

- Manganese Oxide: Mn single oral exposures, LD₅₀ ranged from 275 to 804 mg/kg body weight per day for manganese chloride in different rat strains.
- Titanium Dioxide: LD₅₀ > 10,000 mg/kg (Oral/Rat); LC₅₀ > 6.82 mg/l (Inhalation/Rat)

9(j) Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits: NA

9(k) Vapor Pressure: NA

9(m) Relative Density: NA

9(r) Viscosity: ND

9(1) Vapor Density (Air = 1): NA

9(n) Solubility(ies): Slightly soluble

9(p) Auto-ignition Temperature: ND

9(q) Decomposition Temperature: ND

9(o) Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water: NA

Section 11 - Toxicological Information (continued)

11(a-e) Information on Toxicological Effects (continued):

b. No Skin (Dermal) Irritation data available for LMF Slag as a mixture. The following Skin (Dermal) Irritation data has been determined for the components:

- Iron Oxide: Moderately irritating.
- c. No Eye Irritation data available for LMF Slag as a mixture. The following Eye Irritation information was found for the components:
 - Calcium Oxide: Rabbit Irritating (REACH).
 - Iron Oxide: Severely irritating; may cause burns. Human Corrosive (IUCLID).
- d. No Skin (Dermal)/Respiratory Sensitization data available for LMF Slag as a mixture or its individual components.
- e. No Aspiration Hazard data available for LMF Slag as a mixture or its individual components.
- f. No Germ Cell Mutagenicity data available for **LMF Slag** as a mixture. The following Germ Cell Mutagenicity information was found for the components:
 - Iron Oxide: Both positive and negative data.
- g. Carcinogenicity: IARC, NTP, and OSHA do not list **LMF Slag** as carcinogens. The following Carcinogenicity information was found for the components:
 - Aluminum (metal and insoluble compounds): IARC-1 (production), carcinogen to humans; ACGIH TLV-A4, not classifiable as a human carcinogen
 - Magnesium (oxide): ACGIH TLV-A4, not classifiable as a human carcinogen
 - Silica, fused: IARC-3, unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans
 - Iron Oxide (Fe₂O₃): IARC-3, unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans; ACGIH TLV-A4, not classifiable as a human carcinogen
 - Manganese (inorganic compounds, as Mn): ACGIH TLV-A4, not classifiable as a human carcinogen; EPA-D, not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (CBD, cannot be determined)
 - Manganese (fume, as Mn): EPA-D, not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (CBD, cannot be determined)
 - Titanium Dioxide: IARC-2B, possibly carcinogenic to humans; ACGIH TLV-A4, not classifiable as a human carcinogen; NIOSH-Ca, potential occupational carcinogen
- h. No Toxic Reproduction data available for LMF Slag as a mixture or its individual components.
- i. No Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following a Single Exposure data available for **LMF Slag** as a mixture. The following STOT following a Single Exposure data was found for the components:
 - Calcium Oxide: Can cause respiratory tract irritation, skin and eye irritation.
 - Iron Oxide: May cause lung irritation.
 - Manganese Oxide: CICAD reported Lung inflammation following single inhalation exposures to at 2.8-43 mg/m³ for manganese dioxide or manganese tetroxide particulates in rodent species.
- j. No Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following Repeated Exposure data was available for LMF Slag as a whole. The following STOT following Repeated Exposure data was found for the components:
 - Iron Oxide: Some pulmonary and lung effects reported.
 - Manganese and Manganese Oxide: CICAD listed as Category 1a has found neurobehavioral alterations in worker populations with Mn and MnO including: speed and coordination of motor function are especially impaired.
 - Manganese Oxide: CICAD listed as Category 2, has found signs of lung inflammation in rhesus monkeys exposed via inhalation to 0.7mg/m³ manganese, as manganese dioxide for 22 hours per day over 10 months.
 - Titanium Dioxide: Inflammatory lesions in rat lungs produced by 3-month exposures to either 22.3 mg/m³ of ultrafine TiO2; lesions "regressed" during a 1-year period following cessation of exposure.

The above toxicity information was determined from available scientific sources to illustrate the prevailing posture of the scientific community. The scientific resources includes: The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienist (ACGIH) Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) and Biological Exposure indices (BEIs) with Other Worldwide Occupational Exposure Values 2020, The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), The National Toxicology Program (NTP) updated documentation, the World Health Organization (WHO) and other available resources, the International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID), European Union Risk Assessment Report (EU-RAR), Concise International Chemical Assessment Documents (CICAD), European Union Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (EU-SCOEL), Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), Hazardous Substance Data Bank (HSDB), and International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS).

The following health hazard information is provided regardless to classification criteria and is based on the individual component(s):

Acute Effects by Component:

- CALCIUM OXIDE: Calcium oxide is an eye and skin irritant.
- ALUMINUM OXIDE: Inhalation may cause cough.
- MAGNESIUM OXIDE: Not Reported/ Not Classified
- SILICA, FUSED (AMORPHOUS SILICA): Not Reported/ Not Classified
- **IRON OXIDE:** Contact with iron oxide has been reported to cause skin irritation and serious eye damage.
- MANGANESE OXIDE: Manganese oxide is harmful if swallowed.
- TITANIUM DIOXIDE: Not Reported/ Not Classified

Delayed (chronic) Effects by Component:

- CALCIUM OXIDE: Depending on the concentration and duration of exposure, repeated or prolonged inhalation may cause inflammation of the respiratory passages, ulcers of the mucous membranes, and possible perforation of the nasal septum. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis.
- ALUMINUM OXIDE: Considered to be an inert or nuisance dust.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information (continued)

Delayed (chronic) Effects by Component (continued):

- MAGNESIUM OXIDE: Irritation of eyes, nose, and throat. Symptoms may include dryness of nose and mouth, cough, feeling of weakness, tightness of chest, muscular pain, chills, fever, headache, nausea, and vomiting.
- SILICA, FUSED (AMORPHOUS SILICA): Silicon dusts are a low health risk by inhalation and should be treated as a nuisance dust. Eye contact with pure material can cause particulate irritation. Skin contact with silicon dusts may cause physical abrasion.
- **IRON OXIDE:** Chronic inhalation of excessive concentrations of iron oxide dusts may result in the development of a benign lung disease, called siderosis, which is observable as an X-ray change. No physical impairment of lung function has been associated with siderosis. Inhalation of excessive concentrations of ferric oxide may enhance the risk of lung cancer development in workers exposed to pulmonary carcinogens.
- MANGANESE OXIDE: Neurobehavioral alterations in worker populations exposed to Manganese oxide include speed and coordination of motor function are especially impaired.
- **TITANIUM DIOXIDE:** There is no evidence of a health hazard from inhalation of titanium dioxide at airborne concentrations below 10 mg/m³. The toxicity of titanium dioxide has been found to be relatively inert. Eye contact with pure material can cause particulate irritation. Skin contact with titanium dusts may cause physical abrasion.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

12(a) Ecotoxicity (aquatic & terrestrial): No data available for the product, LMF Slag as a whole. However, individual components of the product have been found to be toxic to the environment. Dusts may migrate into soil and groundwater and be ingested by wildlife as follows:

- Calcium Oxide: LC₅₀: 159 mg/L; invertebrates
- Iron Oxide: LC₅₀: >1000 mg/L; Fish

12(b) Persistence & Degradability: No Data Available

12(c) Bioaccumulative Potential: No Data Available

12(d) Mobility (in soil): No Data Available

12(e) Other Adverse Effects: None Known

Additional Information:

Hazard Category: Not Reported

Hazard Symbol: No Symbol

Signal Word: No Signal Word

Hazard Statement: No Statement

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/international regulations.

Container Cleaning and Disposal: Follow applicable federal, state and local regulations. Observe safe handling precautions. European Waste Catalogue (EWC10-02-02 (unprocessed slag), 10-02-99 (wastes not otherwise specified).

Please note this information is for LMF Slag in its original form. Any alterations can void this information.

Section 14 - Transport Information

14 (a-g) Transportation Information:

US Department of Transportation (DOT) under 49 CFR 172.1	01 does not regulate LMF Slag as a haz	ardous material. All federal, state, and
local laws and regulations that apply to the transport of this type of	f material must be adhered to.	

Snipping Name: NOT DOT Regulated	Packaging Authorizations	Quantity Limitations
Shipping Symbols: NA	a) Exceptions: NA	a) Passenger Aircraft or Rail: NA
Hazard Class: NA	b) Non-bulk: NA	b) Cargo Aircraft Only: NA
UN No.: NA	c) Bulk: NA	
Packing Group: NA		Vessel Stowage Location: NA
DOT/ IMO Label: NA		
Special Provisions (172.102): NA		DOT reportable quantities: NA

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) and the Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID) classification, packaging and shipping requirements follow the US DOT Hazardous Materials Regulation.

Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) does not regulate LMF Slag as a hazardous material.

Shipping Name: NOT DOT Regulated	Packaging	Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers
Classification Code: NA	a) Packing Instructions: NA	a) Instructions: NA
UN No.: NA	b) Special Packing Provisions: NA	b) Special Provisions: NA
Packing Group: NA	c) Mixed Packing Provisions: NA	_
ADR Label: NA		
Special Provisions: NA		
Limited Quantities: NA		

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			Section 14 - Tr	ansport Inform	ation (continue	d)	
Internati	onal Air Tra	ansport Associ	ation (IATA) does not	regulate LMF Slag a	s a hazardous material		
Shipping	Name: NOT	DOT Regulated	1	Passenger & (Cargo Aircraft	Cargo Aircraft Only	Special Provisions
Class/Div	ision: NA			Limited Quantity (EQ)		Pkg Inst: NA	NA
Hazard L	abel (s): NA			Pkg Inst: NA	Pkg Inst: NA		
UN No.: 1	NA					Max Net Qty/Pkg: ERG Code: N	
Packing (Group: NA			Max Net Qty/Pkg:	Max Net Qty/Pkg:	NA	
Excepted	Quantities (H	EQ): NA		NA	NA		
Pkg Inst – Pa	acking Instruction	ns	Max Net Qty/Pkg - Ma	aximum Net Quantity per Pa	ckage	ERG – Emergency Respo	onse Drill Code
LMF Sla	g does not ha	ive a Transpo i	rt Dangerous Goods (1	DG) classification.			
			Section 1	5 - Regulatory	Information		
relied upo SARA Po Section 3	on for all regi otential Haza 313 Supplier	ulatory compliant of the complete of the completeo of the completeo of the completeo of the completeo of the c	wing listing of regulati ance responsibilities. T s: Immediate Acute He The product, LMF S	This product and/or its alth Hazard, Delayed Slag contains the follo	constituents are subje Chronic Health Hazar owing toxic chemicals	ct to the following regu d s subject to the reporti	ulations:
	AS #		and Amendments and R			372:	
			e (Mn Compounds)	Percent by We	eignt		
State Reg	gulations: The various state r	ne product, LN egulations: The pro-	IF Slag as a whole is r oduct, LMF Slag can to the State of Californ	not listed in any state and expose you to crystal	line silica (airborne p	particles of respirable s	size only), which is
		n 1 1			ty – Category 2	~	
	m Oxide			Specific target organ t ation - Category 1; Se nazards not otherwise c	ious eye damage/eye in assified (corrosion) - C	ritation - Category 1; Category 1	
Calcius * This produsize of the	m Oxide act could belong e particles t has been classif	to the hazard class	Skin corrosion/irrita Health I	Specific target organ to ation - Category 1; Sen nazards not otherwise c n various factors related to the	bxicity - repeated exposi- rious eye damage/eye in assified (corrosion) - C he combustibility and explo	ritation - Category 1; Category 1 osiveness of its dust, includin	g composition, shape and
Calcius * This product size of the This product	m Oxide act could belong e particles t has been classif	to the hazard class	Skin corrosion/irrit: Health I "Combustible dust", based o with the hazard criteria of the	Specific target organ to ation - Category 1; Sen nazards not otherwise c n various factors related to the	bxicity - repeated exposi- rious eye damage/eye in lassified (corrosion) - C he combustibility and explo- ions and the SDS contains a	ritation - Category 1; Category 1 osiveness of its dust, includin	g composition, shape and
* This produ size of the This product Regulations.	m Oxide uct could belong e particles t has been classif	to the hazard class	Skin corrosion/irrita Health I "Combustible dust", based o with the hazard criteria of the Section	Specific target organ to ation - Category 1; Sen nazards not otherwise c n various factors related to to Controlled Products Regular	bxicity - repeated exposi- rious eye damage/eye in lassified (corrosion) - C he combustibility and explo- ions and the SDS contains a	ritation - Category 1; Category 1 osiveness of its dust, includin	g composition, shape and
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Section 16 - Other Information (continued)

		/IATIONS/ACRONYMS (continued):	ABBRE
Occupational Safety and Health Administration	OSHA	Code of Federal Regulations	CFR
Permissible Exposure Limit	PEL	Central Nervous System	CNS
Particulate Not Otherwise Regulated	PNOR	Gastro-Intestinal, Gastro-Intestinal Tract	GI, GIT
Particulate Not Otherwise Classified	PNOC	Hazardous Materials Identification System	HMIS
Personal Protective Equipment	PPE	International Agency for Research on Cancer	IARC
parts per million	ppm	Median Lethal Concentration	LC50
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act	RCRA	Median Lethal Dose	LD50
Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances	RTECS	Lowest Dose to have killed animals or humans	LD Lo
Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act	SARA	Lower Explosive Limit	LEL
Self-contained Breathing Apparatus	SCBA	microgram per cubic meter of air	µg/m ³
Short-term Exposure Limit	STEL	milligram per cubic meter of air	mg/m ³
Threshold Limit Value	TLV	million particles per cubic foot	mppcf
 Time-weighted Average	TWA	Safety Data Sheet	SDS
Upper Explosive Limit	UEL	Mine Safety and Health Administration	MSHA
		National Fire Protection Association	NFPA
 Particulate Not Otherwise Regulated Particulate Not Otherwise Classified Personal Protective Equipment parts per million Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act Self-contained Breathing Apparatus Short-term Exposure Limit Threshold Limit Value Time-weighted Average	PNOR PNOC PPE ppm RCRA RTECS SARA SCBA SCBA STEL TLV TWA	Gastro-Intestinal, Gastro-Intestinal TractHazardous Materials Identification SystemInternational Agency for Research on CancerMedian Lethal ConcentrationMedian Lethal DoseLowest Dose to have killed animals or humansLower Explosive Limitmicrogram per cubic meter of airmilligram per cubic meter of airmillion particles per cubic footSafety Data SheetMine Safety and Health Administration	GI, GIT HMIS IARC LC50 LD50 LD _{L0} LEL μg/m ³ mg/m ³ mg/m ³ SDS MSHA

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